Sexual violence and health services

FINDINGS FROM THE AUSTRALIAN LONGITUDINAL STUDY ON WOMEN'S HEALTH

The predicted average annual costs* for women who had experienced sexual violence were higher

than the predicted average annual costs for those who had not experienced sexual violence:

\$268 higher

for women born 1989 to 1995 (aged 24 to 30 in 2019) 2018-2019 financial year



\$85 higher

or women born 1973 to 197 (aged 40 to 45 in 2018) 2017-2018 financial year

The predicted average annual costs for non-referred consultations were higher for women who had experienced sexual violence

than those who had not experienced sexual violence:



higher predicted average annual costs for non-referred consultations

for women born 1989 to 1995 (aged 24 to 30 in 2019) 2018-2019 financial year

\$36

higher predicted average annual costs for non-referred consultations

for women born 1973 to 1978 (aged 40 to 45 in 2019) 2017-2018 financial year



higher predicted average annual costs for non-referred consultations

for women born 1946 to 1951 (aged 68 to 73 in 2019) 2018–2019 financial year



Women born 1973 to 1978 were

11% more likely

to report **poor satisfaction with GP services if they had experienced sexual violence** compared
to women who had not reported sexual violence

 $[\]hbox{* Government-subsidised Medicare costs.}$

^{**} Satisfaction with GP services was not measured longitudinally for women born 1989 to 1995 and 1946 to 1951.